SAPPHIRE GRAIN - Brodifacourn (CAS 56073-10-0): 0.005%

H360D May damage the unborn child. H373 May cause damage to organs (blood)

through prolonged or repeated exposure. P201 Obtain special instructions before use P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood P260 Do not breathe dust P280 Wear protective gloves P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice P314 Get medical advice if you feel unwell. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/container

in accordance with applicable regulations

LODI UK - Pensneti Tradung Estate 3rd Avenue - KINGSWINFORD - West Midlands DY6 /FD - United Kingdom

Additional Information:

Not for sale to the general public

This product should only be used in accordance with a code of best practice such as the CRRU Ireland Best Practice Requirements for Rodent Control and Safe Use of Rodenticides. Follow any additional instructions in that code of best practice. Where possible, prior to the treatment inform any possible bystanders (e.g. users of the treated area and their surroundings) about the rodent control campaign in accordance with the code of best practice. Wear protective chemical resistant gloves during product handling phase (EN374).

Professional users must present their professional number such as herd/flock number at point of sale to purchase this product for use only as specified on this label

- Because of their delayed mode of action, anticoagulant rodenticides may take from 4 to 10 days to be effective after effective
- Rodents can be disease carriers. Do not touch dead rodents with bare hands, use gloves or use tools such as tongs

disposing them

- This product contains a bittering agent and a dye

Bait stations: Must be labelled with the following information: "Product name or authorisation number"; "Active substance(s)" "Contains a rodenticide"; "Do not move or open"; and "In case of incident, call the National Poisons IE/BPA: 70516-001 Information Centre on (01) 809 2166"

Use-specific risk mitigation measures:

- Where possible, prior to the treatment inform any possible bystanders (e.g. users of the treated area and their surroundings) about the rodent control campaign.
- . To reduce risk of secondary poisoning, search for and remove dead rodents at frequent intervals during treatment (e.g. at least twice a week)
- · Products shall not be used beyond 35 days without an evaluation of the state of the infestation and of the efficacy of the
- · Do not use baits containing anticoagulant active substances as permanent baits for the prevention of rodent infestation or monitoring of rodent activities
- . Using this product should eliminate rodents within 35 days. The product information (i.e. label and/or leaflet) shall clearly recommend that in case of suspected lack of efficacy by the end of the treatment (i.e. rodent activity is still observed), the user should seek advice from the product supplier or call a pest control service.
- · Do not wash the bait stations with water between applications.

Particulars of likely direct or indirect effects, first aid instructions and emergency measures to protect the environment When placing bait points close to surface waters (e.g. rivers, ponds, water channels, dykes, irrigation ditches) or water

systems, ensure that bait contact with water is avoided.

This product contains an anticoagulant substance. If ingested, symptoms, which may be delayed, may include nosebleed and bleeding gums. In severe cases, there may be bruising and blood present in the faeces or urine.

Antidote: Vitamin K1 administered by medical/veterinary personnel only.

In case of: Dermal exposure, wash skin with water and then with water and soap. Eye exposure, always check for and remove contact lenses, rinse eyes with eyes-rinse liquid or water, keep eyes lids open at least 10 minutes.

Oral exposure, rinse mouth carefully with water. Never give anything by mouth to unconscious person. Do not provoke

swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the product's container or label (the National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital Dublin (01-809 2166). Contact a veterinary surgeon in case of ingestion by a pet. Hazardous to wildlife

hstructions for safe disposal of the product and its packaging and dead rodents:

At the end of the treatment, dispose of uneaten bait and the packaging in accordance with local requirements. Use of gloves is recommended. Disposal of uneaten bait At the end of the treatment, dispose of uneaten bait and the packaging in accordance with EPA requirements for the disposal of hazardous waste. Use of gloves is recommended, <u>Disposal of dead</u> rodents Dispose of dead rodents in accordance with local requirements, using one of the following methods of disposal (in order of preference); via an on-site or on-farm small carcass incinerator, with the site's or farm's domestic waste; in the site's or farm's normal non-hazardous waste; or by burial on-site, but away from sensitive areas.

Conditions of storage and shelf-life of the product under normal conditions of storage:

Shelf-life: 24 months - Store in a dry, cool and well ventilated place. Keep the container closed and away from direct sunlight Store in places prevented from the access of children, birds, pets and farm animals. - Keep only in original container,

Pack size: 10kg

SAPPHIRE GRAIN - Ready to use grain bait

A ready-to-use grain bait containing brodifacoum (0.005% w/w) for use as a rodenticide by Professional Users for the control of rats (Hathus norvegicus & Hattus rattus) and mice (Mus musculus indoors and outdoors around buildings, for the protection of public health, stored products and materials . For professional use only . Use Biocides Safely and Sustainably . It is illegal to use this product for uses or in a manner other than that prescribed on this label

Use-specific instructions for use: Use in tamper resistant bait stations only Application rate: Mice . 20-30 g/ Rats 50-100 g of bait per bait station.

Mice: Secure 20-30g of bait in covered tamper resistant baiting stations spaced 5m apart (2m apart in high infestation areas) in areas where mice are active. The bart stations should be visited at least every 2 to 3 days at the beginning of the treatment and at least weekly afterwards, in order to check whether the bait is accepted, the bait stations are intact and to remove rodent bodies. Refill hait when necessary.

Rats: Secure 50-100 g of bait in covered tamper resistant baiting stations or covered bait points spaced 10m apart (5m apart in areas of high infestation) in areas where rats are active. The bait stations should be visited only 5 to 7 days after the beginning of the treatment and at least weekly afterwards, in order to check whether the bait is accepted, the bait stations are intact and to remove rodent bodies. Re-fill bait when necessary.

For outdoor use, protect bait from the atmospheric conditions (e.g. rain, snow, etc.). Place the part stations in areas not liable to flooding. Replace any bait in baiting points in which bait has been damaged by water or contaminated by dirt

Do not apply this product directly in the burrows.

Remove the remaining product at the end of treatment period.

Follow any additional instructions provided by the relevant code of best practice

· Read and follow the product information as well as any information accompanying the product or provided at the point of sale before using it. . Carry out a pre-baiting survey of the infested area and an on-site assessment in order to identify the rodent species, their places of activity and determine the likely cause and the extent of the infestation. • Remove food which is readily attainable for rodents (e.g. spilled grain or food waste). Apart from this, do not clean up the infested area just before the treatment, as this only disturbs the rodent population and makes bait acceptance more difficult to achieve. • The product should only be used as part of an integrated pest management (IPM) system, including, amongst others, hygiene measures and, where possible, physical methods of control. • Consider preventive control measures (e.g. plug holes, remove potential food and drink as far as possible) to improve product intake and reduce the likelihood of reinvasion. • Bait stations should be placed in the immediate vicinity of places where rodent activity has been previously observed (e.g. travel paths, nesting sites, feedlots, holes, burrows etc.). • Where possible, bait stations must be fixed to the ground or other structures • When the product is being used in public areas, the areas treated should be marked during the treatment period and a notice explaining the risk of primary or secondary poisoning by the anticoagulant as well as indicating the first measures to be taken in case of poisoning must be made available alongside the baits. • Bait should be secured so that it cannot be dragged away from the bait station. • Place the product out of the reach of children, birds, pets, farm animals and other non-target animals. Place the product away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs, as well as from utensils or surfaces that have contact with these.

- Wear protective chemical resistant gloves during product handling phase (EN3074).
- · When using the product do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands and directly exposed skin after using the product. • If bait uptake is low relative to the apparent size of the infestation, consider the replacement of bait stations to further places and the possibility to change to another bait formulation. • If after a treatment period of 35 days baits are continued to be consumed and no decline in rodent activity can be observed, the likely cause has to be determined. Where other elements have been excluded, it is likely that there are resistant rodents so consider the use of a non-anticoagulant rodenticide, where available, or a more potent anticoagulant rodenticide. Also consider the use of traps as an alternative control measure.

Marketed by: LODI UK

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